VILLAGE OF DEBDEN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

To the Ratepayers of the Village of Debden:

The Village's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS). The preparation of the consolidated financial statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgments and estimates by management are required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the consolidated financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget, and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the Village. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfills these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by administration and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Village's external auditors.

Sensus Chartered Professional Accountants Ltd., as the Village's appointed external auditors, have audited the consolidated financial statements. The Auditor's Report is addressed to Council and appears on the following page. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and administration to discuss their audit findings.

Mayor	Administrator

Sensus

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of: Village of Debden Debden, Saskatchewan

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Village of Debden, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, the consolidated statement of operations, the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets, the consolidated statement of cash flows, the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains (losses) for the year then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Village of Debden as at December 31, 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Public Sector Accounting Board has introduced section PS 3280 which is a standard establishing guidance on the accounting and reporting on the retirement of tangible capital assets controlled by the Village of Debden. The Village of Debden has not provided a reasonable estimate for the asset retirement costs associated with their lagoon, wells, or buildings containing asbestos and lead paint or piping, to determine the asset retirement obligation. As such, we have qualified our audit opinion due to the departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards. The effects of this departure on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, have not been determined, as there is insufficient information available to do so.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Village of Debden in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Other Matters

Our audit opinion does not extend to the budgeted figures presented by Council.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Village of Debden's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Village of Debden or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Village of Debden's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, we exercise our professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village of Debden's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Village of Debden's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Village of Debden to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the directions, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Yorkton, Saskatchewan June 13, 2025

Chartered Professional Accountants Ltd.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2024

	2024	2023
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 1,349,857	\$ 1,582,303
Investments (Note 2)	437,451	244,273
Taxes receivable - municipal (Note 3)	72,026	92,867
Other accounts receivable (Note 4)	 139,843	101,204
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	1,999,177	2,020,647
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	132,119	59,320
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	44,498	66,337
Asset retirement obligation (Note 10)	730,557	106,211
Long-term debt (Note 8)	76,317	13,753
Obligations under capital lease (Note 9)	 39,402	53,740
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,022,893	299,361
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	976,284	1,721,286
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	-	
Tangible capital assets (Schedules 6 and 7)	4,624,112	3,614,876
Assets held for sale (Note 5)	41,603	41,603
Inventories	7,832	11,183
Prepaid expenses	 10,249	9,162
TOTAL NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	4,683,796	3,676,824
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 5,660,080	\$ 5,398,110
Accumulated surplus is comprised of:		
Accumulated surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 10) Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	\$ 5,660,080	\$ 5,398,110
	\$ 5,660,080	\$ 5,398,110

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the year ended December 31, 2024

		2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
REVENUE Tax revenue (Schedule 1) Other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1) Fees and charges (Schedules 4 and 5) Conditional grants (Schedules 4 and 5) Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) (Schedules 4 and 5) Investment income (Schedules 4 and 5) Other revenues (Schedules 4 and 5)	\$	310,140 \$ 128,010 310,100 13,500 40,000	311,941 128,968 740,313 13,344 6,372 80,236 17,807	\$ 304,997 118,260 696,244 11,561 72,919 935
		801,750	1,298,981	1,204,916
EXPENSES General government services (Schedule 3) Protective services (Schedule 3) Transportation services (Schedule 3) Environmental and public health services (Schedule 3) Planning and development services (Schedule 3) Recreation and cultural services (Schedule 3) Utility services (Schedule 3)	_	205,440 73,089 171,006 72,627 500 92,147 381,487	174,909 41,139 92,195 311,135 92,723 370,261	203,680 43,910 84,677 297,852 2,635 94,521 269,072
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT) BEFORE OTHER CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		(194,546)	216,619	208,569
Provincial/Federal capital grants and contributions (Schedules 4 and 5)		175,300	45,351	73,014
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)		(19,246)	261,970	281,583
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS EXCLUDING REMEASUREMENT GAINS (LOSSES), BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,398,110	5,398,110	5,116,527
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS EXCLUDING REMEASUREMENT GAINS (LOSSES), END OF YEAR	\$	5,378,864 \$	5,660,080	\$ 5,398,110

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS For the year ended December 31, 2024

	2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ (19,246)\$	261,970	\$ 281,583
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets (Gain) loss on sale of tangible capital assets	(598,550) 190,396	(1,218,259) 190,396 (6,372)	(44,648) 186,447
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Acquisition of assets held for sale		24,999	9,708 28,624
Decrease (increase) in inventories Increase in prepaid expenses		3,351 (1,087)	(7,497) (600)
	(408,154)	(1,006,972)	172,034
CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET DEBT)	\$ (427,400)	(745,002)	453,617
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 	1,721,286	1,267,669
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	976,284	\$ 1,721,286

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		0004		0000
		2024		2023
OPERATING TRANSACTIONS				
Annual surplus	\$	261,970	\$	281,583
Changes in non-cash items:				
Taxes receivable - municipal		20,841		(38,969)
Other accounts receivable		(38,639)		(22,928)
Inventories		3,351		(7,497)
Prepaid expenses		(1,087)		(600)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		72,799		(83)
Deferred revenue		(21,839)		(37,861)
Asset retirement obligation		624,346		8,974
(Gain) loss on sale of tangible capital assets		(6,372)		
Amortization of tangible capital assets		190,396		186,447
Cash provided by operating transactions		1,105,766		369,066
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS				
Proceeds from the disposal of tangible capital assets		24,999		9,708
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(1,218,259)		(44,648)
Cash applied to capital transactions	-	(1,193,260)		(34,940)
INVESTING TRANSACTIONS	-			
Acquisition of investments		(193,178)		(13,289)
Acquisition of real estate properties		(100,110)		28,624
Cash provided by (applied to) investing transactions		(193,178)		15,335
FINANCING TRANSACTIONS			517.	
Long-term debt issued		75,355		
Long-term debt repaid		(12,791)		(12,354)
Repayment of obligation under capital lease		(14,338)		(13,572)
Cash provided by (applied to) financing transactions	-	48,226		(25,926)
CHANGE IN CASH	-	(232,446)	74	323,535
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,582,303		1,258,768
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$	1,349,857	\$	1,582,303
	_			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS (LOSSES) For the year ended December 31, 2024

	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS (LOSSES), BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	\$
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to: Derivatives Equity instruments measured at fair value Foreign exchange		
Amounts reclassified to the statement of operations: Derivatives Equity instruments measured at fair value Reversal of net remeasurements of portfolio investments Foreign exchange		
NET REMEASUREMENT GAINS (LOSSES) FOR THE YEAR		
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAINS (LOSSES), END OF YEAR	\$	\$

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Village are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) as recommended by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada). Significant aspects of the accounting policies are as follows:

Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements consolidates the assets, liabilities, and flow of resources of the Village. The entity is comprised of all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Village and are, therefore, accountable to Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources. These consolidated financial statements do not contain any entities.

Partnerships

A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the Village and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership. These consolidated financial statements contain the following partnerships:

Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation - 20% (2023 - 20%)

All inter-organizational transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Collection of Funds for Other Authorities

Collection of funds by the Village for the school board, municipal hail, and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with relevant legislation. The amounts collected are disclosed in Note 3.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing:

- a) the transfers are authorized,
- b) any eligibility criteria have been met; and
- c) reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government Transfers (Continued)

Unearned government transfer amounts received will be recorded as deferred revenue until eligibility criteria or stipulations are met. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable. Government transfers to individuals and other entities are recognized as an expense when the transfers are authorized and all eligible criteria have been met.

Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the Village if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are contributions for which the contributor has placed restrictions on the use of the resources. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are received.

Revenue

Revenue from Transactions with No Performance Obligations:

Revenue is recognized for the following sources of revenue from transactions with no performance obligations:

- Tax revenue: Tax revenue is recognized when the underlying tax event occurs, which is typically when the tax is assessed or becomes due, regardless of when payment is received. These are generally recurring in nature.
- Other unconditional revenue: Unconditional revenue is recognized when it is earned and no further obligations are required. This may include certain grants or contributions that do not require a specific performance or future condition. This is considered non-recurring or recurring, depending on the nature of the revenue source.
- Fees and charges: Fees and charges for services are recognized when the service is rendered or when the related activity is performed. These are generally recurring in nature.
- Investment income: Investment income is recognized when earned. Interest income is recognized as it accrues, based on the effective interest rate method, while dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established. Investment income is generally considered a recurring revenue stream, as it is earned periodically from ongoing investments.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue from Transactions with Related Performance Obligations:

Revenue is recognized for the following sources of revenue where related performance obligations exist:

- Tangible capital asset gains (losses): Gains or losses from the sale or disposal of tangible capital assets are recognized when the asset is transferred to the buyer, and the related risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. These are typically considered non-recurring revenue streams.
- Land sale gains (losses): Revenue from land sales are recognized when the transaction is completed and ownership is transferred to the purchaser. This may involve a performance obligation related to the delivery of the property and revenue is recognized when the transfer occurs. These are typically considered non-recurring revenue streams.

When a single transaction requires the delivery of more than one performance obligation, the revenue recognition criteria are applied to the separately identifiable performance obligations. A performance obligation is considered to be separately identified if the product or service delivered has stand-alone value to that customer and the fair value associated with the product or service can be measured reliably. The amount recognized as revenue for each performance obligation is its fair value in relation to the fair value of the contract as a whole.

For each performance obligation, the Village must ascertain whether the obligation is satisfied over a period of time, or at a point in time. In order to do this, the characteristics of the underlying goods and/or services must be considered in order to determine when the ultimate performance obligations will be satisfied. If any of the below criteria are met, the revenue must be recognized over a period of time; otherwise, corresponding amounts are to be recognized at a point in time.

- a) The payor simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Village's performance as they fulfil the performance obligation
- b) The Village's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the payor controls or uses as the asset is created or enhanced
- c) The Village's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to itself, and the Village has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date
- d) The Village is expected to continually maintain or support the transferred good or service under the terms of the agreement
- e) The Village provides the payor with access to a specific good or service under the terms of the agreement

When determining the amounts of revenue to recognize at various stages along the point of time, determinants vary but often include percentage complete.

Deferred Revenue

Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Local Improvement Charges

Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.

Net Financial Assets

Net financial assets at the end of the accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.

Non-Financial Assets

Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.

Appropriated Reserves

Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts so designated are described on Schedule 10.

Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by Council following the guidance of the Government of Saskatchewan. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

Financial Instruments

Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost/amortized cost; financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the consolidated statement of operations. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the consolidated statement of operations.

When investment income and unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are externally restricted, the investment income and fair value changes are recognized as liabilities until the external restrictions are satisfied.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial Instruments (Continued)

Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

Measurement of Financial Instruments:

The Village's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

<u>Financial statement line item</u> <u>Measurement</u>

Investments Fair value and cost/amortized cost
Other accounts receivable Cost and amortized cost

Long-term receivables Amortized cost

Debt charges recoverable Amortized cost
Bank indebtedness Amortized cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost Deposit liabilities Cost

Long-term debt Amortized cost

Derivative assets and liabilities Fair value

Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the Village are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business.

Tangible Capital Assets

All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterment made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant inflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of contribution. The costs of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. The tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. The Village's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

Asset Useful Life

General Assets

LandIndefiniteLand improvements5 to 20 yearsBuildings10 to 50 years

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tangible Capital Assets (Continued)

Asset	<u>Useful Life</u>
Vehicles and equipment Vehicles Machinery and equipment Leased capital assets	5 to 10 years 5 to 10 years Lease term
Infrastructure Assets Infrastructure assets	30 to 75 years
Water & sewer	45 to 75 years

Government Contributions

Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of Art and Other Unrecognized Assets

Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

Capitalization of Interest

The Village does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Leases

All leases are recorded on the consolidated financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers the majority of benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease and recorded as a tangible capital asset. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight-line basis, over their estimated useful lives (lease term). Any other lease not meeting the before mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.

Public Private Partnerships

Public private partnerships where the Village procures infrastructure using a private sector partner are accounted for and reported as infrastructure assets on the consolidated statement of financial position and are initially recognized at cost. Cost includes the gross amount of consideration given up to acquire, construct, develop or better a tangible capital asset; and all costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the infrastructure asset. Infrastructure assets are amortized over the assets useful life and recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Public Private Partnerships (Continued)

When the Village has recognized an infrastructure asset in relation to a public private partnership arrangement and has an obligation to provide consideration to the private sector partner, the Village recognizes a corresponding infrastructure liability on the consolidated statement of financial position. Infrastructure liabilities are initially measured at the same amount as the related infrastructure asset, reduced for any consideration previously provided to the public sector partner. Other consideration attributable to the partnership agreement such as operating and maintenance payments are excluded from the measurement of the liability. Two common models used to measure infrastructure liabilities are the financial liability and user pay models. The financial liability model is utilized when the Village designs, builds, finances, operates and/or maintains infrastructure in exchange for a contractual right to receive cash or another asset. The reason for this being that the corresponding liability constitutes a financial liability. The user pay model is applicable when the private sector partner designs, buildings, finances, operates and/or maintains the infrastructure in exchange for a right to charge the ultimate end users. This compensation granted by the Village is facilitated via the granting of rights to earn revenue from a third party. Due to such, the corresponding liability should be classified as a performance obligation.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any public private partnerships.

Trust Funds

Funds held in trust for others, under a trust agreement or statute, are not included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the Village.

Employee Benefit Plans

Contributions to the Village's multi-employer defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the Village's obligations are limited to their contributions.

Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- a) an environmental standard exists:
- b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- c) the Village:
 - i. is directly responsible; or
 - ii. accepts responsibility;
- d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

- Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.
- The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.
- The 'Opening Asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.
- Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets and intangible capital assets.
- The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.
- Measurement financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report

The Village follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowings.

The segments (functions) are as follows:

General government: Provides administration of the Village.

Protective services: Is comprised of expenses for police and fire protection.

Transportation services: Is responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report (Continued)

Environmental and public health: Environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services and the public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the Village.

Planning and development: Provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

Recreation and culture: Provides for community services through provision of recreation and leisure services.

Utility: Provides for delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.

Budget Information

Budget information is presented on a basis consistent with that used for the actual results. The budget was approved by Council on May 11, 2024.

Assets Held for Sale

The Village is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset and the sale is reasonably anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.

Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that result from its acquisition, construction, development or normal use. The tangible assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, leased tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the Village to incur costs in relation to a specific TCA, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using a present value technique.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Asset Retirement Obligations (Continued)

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the Village derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Loan Guarantees

The Village has not provided loan guarantees for any organizations.

Guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the Village. These amounts are considered as contingent liabilities and not formally recognized as liabilities until the Village considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The Village monitors the status of the organization(s), loans, and lines of credit annually and in the event that payment by the Village is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year:

PS 3400, Revenue, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer. This accounting policy has been applied on a prospective basis.

PSG-8, Purchased Intangibles, provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangible capital assets. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. This accounting policy has been applied on a prospective basis.

PS3160, Public Private Partnerships, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operating and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis. This accounting policy has been applied on a prospective basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Invoctments cor	ried at amortized cost:		2024		2023
Portfolio investm		\$ —	437,451	\$	224,273
Diamond North and 4.00%) and	ments consist of non-redeemable Guaran Credit Union Ltd. which earn interest at rat I have maturity dates ranging between Se eld by Highway 55 Waste Management Co ature July 2025.	es between 3.85% and ptember 2025 and Se	4.00% (2023 - ptember 2026.	3.90 The)% ere
Investment inco	me:		2024		2023
Interest Income from por	rtfolio investments	\$	59,250 20,986	\$	15,326 57,593
Total investmen	t income	\$	80,236	\$	72,919
TAXES RECEIVABL	LE - MUNICIPAL		2024 32,378	\$	2023 52,203
Municipal	- Current	\$			
·	- Arrears	\$ 	39,648		40,664
Municipal Total municipal t	- Arrears	\$ 			92,867
·	- Arrears	\$ 	39,648		
Total municipal t	- Arrears taxes receivable - Current	\$ 	39,648 72,026 4,821		92,867
Total municipal t School Total taxes to be	- Arrears taxes receivable - Current - Arrears	\$ 	39,648 72,026 4,821 2,862		92,867 8,223 4,690
Total municipal to School Total taxes to be Total taxes and	- Arrears taxes receivable - Current - Arrears e collected on behalf of School Divisions	- - - -	39,648 72,026 4,821 2,862 7,683		92,867 8,223 4,690 12,913

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

4. OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	2024	2023
Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation - consolidated receivables Organizations and individuals Federal government Accrued interest	\$ 52,353 50,628 33,903 2,959	\$ 50,319 35,171 13,677 2,037
Total other accounts receivable	\$ 139,843	\$ 101,204
5. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE	2024	2023
Tax title property Allowance for market value adjustment	\$ 86,164 (55,451)	\$ 86,164 (55,451)
Net tax title property Other assets held for sale	 30,713 10,890	30,713 10,890
Total assets held for sale	\$ 41,603	\$ 41,603

6. DEFERRED REVENUE

	2023		Restricted inflows	Revenue earned		2024
Canada Community - Building Fund Prepaid utilities Highway 44 Waste Management Corporation	\$ 62,580 1,719 2,038	\$	20,791 2,418 1,060	\$ (42,351) \$ (1,719) (2,038)	,	41,020 2,418 1,060
Total deferred revenue	\$ 66,337	=		<u>\$</u>		44,498

7. GUARANTEES

The Village guarantees operating expense deficits of 5% (2023 - 5%) for the Housing Authorities in Debden, operated by Saskatchewan Housing Corporation, which totaled \$923 (2023 - \$1,062). No amounts have been accrued in the consolidated financial statements on account of the guarantee.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The debt limit of the Village is \$701,548. The debt limit for a Village is the total amount of the Village's own source revenues for the preceding year (the Municipalities Act section 161(1)).

	2024	2023
Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation - Debden Credit Union Ltd. loan bearing interest at 4.99% per annum, repayable in bi-weekly blended payments of \$3,372, maturing in November 2029. Loan is secured by a security agreement against the 2025 Mack TerraPro and 2024 Labrie Starlight Truck.	\$ 75,355	\$
Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation - Affinity Credit Union Ltd. loan bearing interest at 3.49% per annum, repayable in		

bi-weekly blended payments of \$2,511, maturing in January 2025. Loan is secured by a 2012 Caterpillar 816 II Compactor.

 962	13,753
\$ 76,317	\$ 13,753

Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 15,980 \$	2,550	\$ 18,530
2026	14,048	3,486	17,534
2027	11,813	5,721	17,534
2028	12,607	4,927	17,534
2029	21,869	1,139	23,008
Balance	\$ 76,317 \$	17,823	\$ 94,140

9. OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation has an obligation under a capital lease for a Peterbilt truck with blended monthly payments of \$7,058 incurring interest at a rate of 5.70%. The capital lease is set to mature June 2027. After maturity, the leased equipment's title reverts to Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation.

Future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the balance of the obligation due under the capital lease are as follows:

Capital lease liability	\$ 39,402
Total future minimum lease payments Less amount representing future interest at 5.70%	42,352 (2,950)
2025 2026 2027	\$ 16,941 16,941 8,470

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

10.	ASSET	RETIREMENT	OBLIGATION
-----	-------	------------	------------

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Accretion expense Changes in estimated cash flows	\$ 106,211 3,042 621,304	\$ 97,237 7,001 1,973
Balance, end of year	\$ 730,557	\$ 106,211

Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with The Environmental Management and Protection Act and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water, methane gas and leachate management, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a 25-year period using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expense, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.

Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation, a consolidated partnership of the Village of Debden, has accrued an overall liability for environmental matters in the amount of \$3,652,784 (2023 - \$531,054), which represents management's best estimate of this asset retirement obligation. The Village holds a 20% proportionate share in this government partnership (see Note 1) and as such has recorded an accrued asset retirement obligation related to Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation of \$730,557 (2023 - \$106,211). Estimated total obligation represents the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure care activities discounted at the Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation's average long-term borrowing rate of 4.95% (2023 - 5.95%). The total undiscounted costs are estimated to be \$6,050,648 (2023 - \$1,279,703) and are to begin to be incurred in 2029, with a 25-year post-closure period. During the year, Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation conducted an engineering survey that identified the current landfill cell has a remaining useful life until 2029. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the consolidated financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant.

Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation has a reserve set up to fund these costs, in which the balance at year end is \$119,258 (2023 - \$92,263). The remaining unfunded liability for the landfill will be paid through future operations.

The Village of Debden has not performed the necessary assessments for the asset retirements costs associated with their lagoon, wells, or buildings containing asbestos and lead paint or piping. As such, this departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards results in a qualified opinion as noted in the Auditor's Report of the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2024.

11. PRIOR YEAR'S FIGURES

The prior year's figures have been restated to reflect the correction of the deferral treatment for the Canada Community - Building Fund program. This correction results in a decrease to the accumulated surplus and increase to deferred revenue of \$62,580. The restatement impacts prior year balances, specifically increasing deferred revenue and decreasing grant revenue for the same amount. This restatement ensures compliance with the accounting treatment for government transfers as mentioned in Note 1 of the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

12. PENSION PLAN

The Village is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration benefits. The Village's pension expense in 2024 was \$12,742 (2023 -\$10,510). The benefits accrued to the Village's employees from MEPP are calculated using the following: Pensionable Years of Service, Highest Average Salary, and the plan accrual rate. The costs of the retirement plan are not allocated to the individual entities within the related group. As a result, individual entities within the related group are not able to identify their share of the underlying assets and liabilities. Therefore, the plan is accounted for as a defined contribution plan in accordance with the requirements of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook Section PS 3250.

Total current service contributions by the Village to the MEPP in 2024 were \$12,742 (2023 - \$10,510). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Village to the MEPP in 2024 were \$12,742 (2023 - \$10,510).

As of the audit report date, the December 31, 2024 MEPP actuarial deficiency/surplus has not yet been released. As of December 31, 2023, the actuarial valuation of the financial position of the plan shows MEPP is 125.7 percent funded, with an actuarial surplus of \$744,391,000.

For further information of the amount of MEPP deficiency/surplus information see: https://mepp.peba.ca/fund-information/plan-reporting.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

Through its financial assets and liabilities, the Village is exposed to various risks as outlined below.

Price risk

Price risk associated with investments in shares is the risk that their fair value will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. It is management's opinion the Village is not exposed to price risks arising from these financial instruments due to the Village not holding any investments in shares.

Credit risk

The Village is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that counterparties may default on their financial obligations. Credit risk is primarily associated with accounts receivable, which total \$211,869 as at year-end.

The composition of receivables is as follows:

- Property taxes receivable: \$72,026
- Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation receivables: \$52,353
- Organizations and individuals receivable: \$50,628
- GST receivable: \$33,903
- Accrued interest: \$2.959

Credit risk related to taxes and utilities arises from transactions with residents and ratepayers. The risk is mitigated by the Village's authority to pursue tax recovery measures under applicable legislation and to discontinue utility services in cases of non-payment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

13. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (Continued)

Receivables from the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) and banking institutions are considered low risk due to the creditworthiness of these counterparties.

The credit risk for receivables from organizations and individuals is mitigated through ongoing monitoring, timely invoicing, and active collection efforts. Due to the diversity of individual counterparties, the exposure to significant loss in this category is considered low.

Receivables from a government partnership (Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation) represents a receivable for the specific organization itself, consolidated into the Village's financial statements. As the amount does not arise from transactions with an external party, it does not contribute to the Village's overall credit risk exposure.

At year-end, \$39,648 of total receivables are considered past due (i.e., greater than 30 days outstanding). The Village monitors receivables on an ongoing basis and establishes allowances as necessary based on historical collection patterns and specific account assessments.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Village will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they fall due. The Village undertakes regular cash flow analyses to ensure there are sufficient cash resources to meet all obligations.

Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally paid within 30 days.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows or fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Village is exposed to interest rate risk on its investments and long-term debt.

The Village's investments are held at fixed interest rates. Although fixed-rate instruments typically expose the holder to interest rate risk in a rising rate environment, the Village's current holdings bear interest rates that are above current market levels, mitigating the risk and providing a financial benefit in the short-term.

Long-term debt is held by Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation, which is consolidated into the Village's financial statements. As such, it does not contribute to the Village's overall interest rate risk.

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN SCHEDULE 1 - SCHEDULE OF TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUES

TAMEO		2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual		2023 Actual
TAXES General municipal tax levy Abatements and adjustments Discount on current year taxes	\$	314,650 \$ (3,600) (10,500)	314,669 (2,592) (9,724)	\$	310,842 (3,193) (10,275)
Net Municipal Taxes		300,550	302,353		297,374
Penalties on tax arrears		9,590	9,588		7,623
Total Taxes		310,140	311,941	_	304,997
UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS Revenue Sharing		92,510	92,514		81,029
Total Unconditional Grants		92,510	92,514		81,029
GRANTS-IN-LIEU OF TAXES Provincial SaskTel		4,500	5,055		4,987
Other Government Transfers S.P.C. Surcharge SaskEnergy Surcharge	_	21,000 10,000	21,228 10,171		21,330 10,914
Total Grants-in-Lieu of Taxes		35,500	36,454		37,231
TOTAL TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUE	\$	438,150 \$	440,909	\$	423,257

SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION For the year ended December 31, 2024

		2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
Operating Other Segmented Revenue		(3232-1)		
Fees and Charges - Custom work - Tax certificates and office services	\$	500 \$ 5,950	1,047 6,439	\$ 712 9,733
Total Fees and Charges		6,450	7,486	 10,445
- Investment income		40,000	80,236	72,919
Total Other Segmented Revenue		46,450	87,722	83,364
Total Operating		46,450	87,722	83,364
Total General Government Services	_	46,450	87,722	 83,364
PROTECTIVE SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Fire fees		10,000	19,216	21,175
Total Fees and Charges		10,000	19,216	21,175
Total Other Segmented Revenue		10,000	19,216	21,175
Total Operating		10,000	19,216	21,175
Total Protective Services		10,000	19,216	21,175

SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION For the year ended December 31, 2024

		2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES Operating				
Other Segmented Revenue				
Fees and Charges				
- Custom work	\$	4,700 \$	4,458	\$ 4,740
Total Fees and Charges		4,700	4,458	 4,740
- Insurance settlement	-		17,642	
Total Other Segmented Revenue		4,700	22,100	 4,740
Conditional Grants				
- Student Employment		3,200	1,449	 992
Total Conditional Grants		3,200	1,449	 992
Total Operating		7,900	23,549	5,732
Total Transportation Services		7,900	23,549	5,732
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges - Waste and disposal fees - Highway 55 Waste Management Corporation - Health clinic and wellness centre		8,550	10,734 412,228	8,949 365,924 2,605
Total Fees and Charges		8,550	422,962	 377,478
- Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	•		6,372	
Total Other Segmented Revenue		8,550	429,334	377,478
Conditional Grants - Multi-Material Stewardship Western		3,300	3,182	3,633
Total Conditional Grants		3,300	3,182	3,633
Total Operating	•	11,850	432,516	 381,111
		11,850	432,516	381,111

SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION For the year ended December 31, 2024

	2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES Operating	(111111)		
Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges			
- Licenses and permits	\$ 1,030 \$	1,460	\$ 1,575
Total Fees and Charges	1,030	1,460	1,575
Total Other Segmented Revenue	1,030	1,460	1,575
Conditional Grants - Targeted Sector Support Initiative		513	
Total Conditional Grants		513	
Total Operating	1,030	1,973	1,575
Total Planning and Development Services	1,030	1,973	1,575
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES Operating Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges			
- Recreation program fees	62,230	63,943	60,887
Total Fees and Charges	62,230	63,943	60,887
- Donations		165	935
Total Other Segmented Revenue	62,230	64,108	61,822
Conditional Grants			
- Sask Lotteries	7,000	8,200	6,936
Total Conditional Grants	7,000	8,200	6,936
Total Operating	69,230	72,308	68,758
Capital			
Conditional Grants - Local government	3,000	3,000	13,000
Total Capital	3,000	3,000	13,000
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	72,230	75,308	81,758
	,	. 3,000	31,700

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

			<u></u>		
		2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual		2023 Actual
UTILITY SERVICES		, ,			
Operating					
Other Segmented Revenue					
Fees and Charges - Water	\$	112,500 \$	442 440	Φ	440.000
- Vvalei - Sewer	Ф	79,500 \$	112,110 82,185	\$	112,680 81,291
- Infrastructure		23,500	23,713		23,863
- Interest and connection fees		1,640	2,780		2,110
Total Fees and Charges	_	217,140	220,788		219,944
Total Other Segmented Revenue		217,140	220,788		219,944
Total Operating		217,140	220,788		219,944
Capital Conditional Grants - Canada Community - Building Fund (CCBF) - Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program (ICIP)		22,300 150,000	42,351		60,014
Total Capital		172,300	42,351		60,014
Total Utility Services		389,440	263,139		279,958
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$	538,900 \$	903,423	\$	854,673
SUMMARY Total Other Segmented Revenue Total Conditional Grants Total Capital Grants and Contributions	\$	350,100 \$ 13,500 175,300	844,728 13,344 45,351	\$	770,098 11,561 73,014
·			·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$	538,900 \$	903,423	\$	854,673

SCHEDULE 3 - SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES BY FUNCTION For the year ended December 31, 2024

GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES	2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
Council remuneration and travel Wages and benefits Professional/Contractual services Utilities Maintenance, materials, and supplies Allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 9,600 \$ 85,490 72,040 2,350 23,960	8,718 83,487 67,236 2,423 13,045	\$ 10,491 75,803 69,791 2,256 15,278
Total General Government Services	12,000 205,440	174,909	 30,061 203,680
PROTECTIVE SERVICES Police protection Professional/Contractual services	19,500	19,345	18,801
Fire protection Wages and benefits Professional/Contractual services Utilities Maintenance, materials, and supplies Amortization of tangible capital assets	 7,100 8,550 2,650 34,200 1,089	3,775 11,776 1,770 3,384 1,089	5,695 4,575 2,242 12,597
Total Protective Services	 73,089	41,139	 43,910
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES Wages and benefits Professional/Contractual services Utilities Maintenance, materials, and supplies Gravel Amortization of tangible capital assets Interest	 55,250 15,100 16,600 36,200 8,400 13,756 25,700	38,745 1,749 16,422 18,026 3,497 13,756	34,616 2,231 15,604 17,522 948 13,756
Total Transportation Services	 171,006	92,195	84,677

SCHEDULE 3 - SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES	2024 Budget Unaudited (Note 1)	2024 Actual		2023 Actual
Wages and benefits Professional/Contractual services Maintenance, materials, and supplies Grants and contributions	\$ 7,500 \$ 22,070	7,729 20,650 239,634	\$	6,417 17,981 228,414
- Operating ■ Waste disposal Amortization of tangible capital assets	400 39,157	39,157		591 36,386
Accretion of asset retirement obligation Saskatchewan Housing Authority	3,500	3,042 923		7,001 1,062
Total Environmental and Public Health Services	 72,627	311,135		297,852
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES				
Professional/Contractual services	 500			2,635
Total Planning and Development Services	 500			2,635
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES				
Wages and benefits Professional/Contractual services	4,500	5,134		3,943
Utilities	6,750 32,700	6,073 33,108		6,014 31,056
Maintenance, materials, and supplies Grants and contributions	5,500	4,511		875
 Operating Amortization of tangible capital assets 	 13,040 29,657	14,240 29,657		22,976 29,657
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	 92,147	92,723		94,521
UTILITY SERVICES				
Wages and benefits	35,000	60,869		31,862
Professional/Contractual services Utilities	23,500 18,400	8,936 16,811		10,521 16,063
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	197,850	176,908		103,978
Amortization of tangible capital assets	 106,737	106,737	·	106,648
Total Utility Services	 381,487	370,261		269,072
TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION	\$ 996,296 \$	1,082,362	\$	996,347

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 4 - SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION
For the year ended December 31, 2024

	General Government		Protective Services	Transportation Services		Environmental & Public Health	Plar Dev	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture		Utility Services		Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)													
Fees and Charges Tangible Capital Asset Sale - Gain (Loss) Intangible Capital Asset Sale - Gain (Loss)	\$ 7,486	₩	19,216	\$ 4,458	↔	422,962 6,372	↔	1,460	\$ 63,943	<u>ಜ</u>	220,788	₩	740,313 6,372
Land Sales - Gain (Loss) Investment Income	80,236												80,236
Continussions Other Revenues Grants - Conditional - Capital				17,642 1,449	8 5	3,182		513	165 8,200 3.000	165 200 000	42.351		17,807 13,344 45,351
Total revenues	87,722		19,216	23,549	6	432,516		1,973	75,308	8	263,139		903,423
Expenses (Schedule 3)													
Wages & Benefits	92,205		3,775	38,745	J.	7,729			5,134	4	698'09	_	208,457
Professional/Contractual Services	67,236		31,121	1,749	6	20,650			6,073	က္	8,936		135,765
Utilities	2,423		1,770	16,422	7				33,108	œ	16,811		70,534
Maintenance, Materials, Supplies	13,045		3,384	21,523	က	239,634			4,511	<u> </u>	176,908		459,005 14 240
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets			1,089	13,756	9	39,157			29,657	2.15	106,737	_	190,396
Amortization of Intangible Capital Assets Interest													
Accretion of asset retirement obligation						3,042							3,042
Allowance for Uncollectibles Other						923							923
Total expenses	174,909		41,139	92,195	5	311,135			92,723	23	370,261		1,082,362
Surplus (Deficit) by Function	(87,187)		(21,923)	(68,646)	9	121,381		1,973	(17,415)	(2)	(107,122)		(178,939)

Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)

440,909

Net Surplus (Deficit)

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 5 - SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION
For the year ended December 31, 2023

Revenues (Schedule 2)	Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	se	Total
Fees and Charges Tangible Capital Asset Sale - Gain (Loss)	\$ 10,445	\$ 21,175	\$ 4,740	\$ 377,478	\$ 1,575	\$ 60,887	\$ 219,944	4 ↔	696,244
Intanglole Capital Asset Sale - Gain (Loss) Land Sales - Gain (Loss) Investment Income Commissions	72,919								72,919
Other Revenues Grants - Conditional - Capital			992	3,633		935 6,936 13,000	60 014	4	935 11,561 73,014
Total revenues	83,364	21,175	5,732	381,111	1,575		279,958	8	854,673
Expenses (Schedule 3)									
Wages & Benefits Professional/Contractual Services	86,294	5,695	34,616	6,417	2 635	3,943	31,862	2 2	168,827
Utilities Utilities	2,256	2,370	15,531	106,71	2,033	(,)		- £	67.221
Maintenance, Materials, Supplies	15,278	12,597	18,470	228,414		875	-	82	379,612
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets Amortization of Intangible Capital Assets			13,756	36,386		22,319 29,657	106,648	84	186,447
Interest Accretion of asset retirement obligation				7,001					7,001
Allowance for Uncollectibles Other	30,061			1,062					30,061 1,062
Total expenses	203,680	43,910	84,677	297,852	2,635	94,521	269,072	72	996,347
Surplus (Deficit) by Function	(120,316)	(22,735)	(78,945)	83,259	(1,060)	(12,763)	10,886	36	(141,674)

423,257 281,583

Net Surplus (Deficit)

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 6 - SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT
For the year ended December 31, 2024

	I			Ger	General Assets				Infrastructure Assets	ucture ets	General/ Infrastructure	To	Totals
Cost		Land	Impr	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Ma E	Machinery & Equipment	Linear Assets	ear ets	Assets Under Construction	2024	2023
Opening costs	49	213,769	∽	350,542	\$ 1,291,973	\$ 103,191	€9	687,231	\$ 3,59	3,598,323	6	\$ 6,245,029	\$ 6,257,611
Additions during the year				621,304	23,130	164,114		19,874			389,837	1,218,259	44,648
Disposals and write downs					(2,277)	(65,626)				ĺ		(67,903)	(57,230)
Closing costs		213,769		971,846	1,312,826	201,679		707,105	3,5	3,598,323	389,837	7,395,385	6,245,029
Accumulated Amortization													
Opening accumulated amortization				186,699	1,146,495	81,986		360,207	õ	854,766		2,630,153	2,491,228
Amortization				6,912	32,842	11,868		30,092	7	108,682		190,396	186,447
Disposals and write downs					(1,047)	(48,229)				j		(49,276)	(47,522)
Closing accumulated amortization				193,611	1,178,290	45,625		390,299	8	963,448		2,771,273	2,630,153
Net Book Value	υ	213,769	49	778,235	\$ 134,536	\$ 156,054	φ.	316,806	\$ 2,634,875	34,875	\$ 389,837	\$ 4,624,112	\$ 3,614,876

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 7 - SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION
For the year ended December 31, 2024

						ű	Environmental					Tol	Totals	
	General Government	¥	Protective Services	F	Transportation Services	i	& Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Wa	Water & Sewer	2024	200	2023
Opening costs	\$ 21,975	\$ 22	3,162	\$	338,192	49	915,911	•	\$ 1,256,476	ري ع	3,689,313	\$ 6,245,029	\$ 6,25	6,257,611
Additions during the year			80,509	.	319,736		747,914				70,100	1,218,259	•	44,648
Disposals and write downs		i		 		ı	(67,903)					(67,903)	"	(57,230)
Closing costs	21,975	75	103,671	-I	657,928	١	1,595,922		1,256,476	က်	3,759,413	7,395,385	6.24	6,245,029
Accumulated Amortization														
Opening accumulated amortization	21,973	73	23,162	~	109,224		488,724		1,133,131		853,939	2,630,153	2,46	2,491,228
Amortization			1,089	ф.	13,756		39,157		29,657		106,737	190,396	#	186,447
Disposals and write downs		i		 		ı	(49,276)					(49,276)	9	(47,522)
Closing accumulated amortization	21,973	اع اع	24,251	 -	122,980	ı	478,605		1,162,788		960,676	2,771,273	2,63	2,630,153
Net Book Value	s	2 3	79,420	الۍ الۍ	534,948	ω	\$ 1,117,317	\$	\$ 93,688	\$ 2,	2,798,737	\$ 4,624,112	\$ 3,614,876	14,876

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 8 - SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT
For the year ended December 31, 2024

			Gen	General Assets			Asset Category TBD	Asset Category TBD	Q	Totals
Cost	TBD	TBD	9	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Assets Under Construction	n 2024	2023
Opening costs	₩	s		₩.	s s	₩.	€9	₩	•	↔
Additions during the year										
Disposals and write downs										
Transfers from assets under construction		<u> </u>	ĺ							
Closing costs			j						1	
Accumulated Amortization										
Opening accumulated amortization										
Amortization										
Disposals and write downs										
Closing accumulated amortization	i									
Net Book Value	s	ال د		8	φ.	\$	 	\$	\$	₽

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN
SCHEDULE 9 - SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION
For the year ended December 31, 2024

, to CO	General	Protective	Transportation	Environmental & Public	Planning &	Recreation &	Water &	Totals
Opening costs	\$	\$	\$ \$	\$	S Severabilient	college \$	Sewer \$	\$ \$ \$
Additions during the year								
Disposals and write downs								
Closing costs								
Accumulated Amortization								
Opening accumulated amortization								
Amortization								
Disposals and write downs								
Closing accumulated amortization								
Net Book Value	49	φ.	\$	8	\$	\$	\$	\$ \$

SCHEDULE 10 - SCHEDULE OF ACCUMULATED SURPLUS For the year ended December 31, 2024

	2023	Changes	2024
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$ 1,391,804 \$	(115,896)	\$ 1,275,908
APPROPRIATED RESERVES			
Water & Sewer	170,520	23,713	194,233
Community Hall	8,000	,	8,000
Dedicated Lands	500		500
Fire Department	155,994		155,994
Roads & Sidewalks	77,894	9,500	87,394
Pandemic & Emergency Fund	18,222	•	18,222
Equipment	46,000	5,000	51,000
Health Service Center	9,061		9,061
Recreation & Wellness Fund	34,765	2,989	37,754
Landfill Decommissioning	36,500		36,500
Well Decommissioning	7,678		7,678
Total appropriated	565,134	41,202	606,336
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets (Schedules 6 and 7) Intangible capital assets (Schedules 8 and 9)	3,614,876	1,009,236	4,624,112
Less: Related debt	(173,704)	(672,572)	(846,276)
Net investment in capital assets	3,441,172	336,664	3,777,836
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS excluding			
remeasurement gains (losses)	\$ 5,398,110 \$	261,970	\$ 5,660,080

VILLAGE OF DEBDEN SCHEDULE 11 - SCHEDULE OF MILL RATES AND ASSESSMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

			PROPERTY CLASS	Y CLASS			
			Residential	Seasonal	Commercial &		
	Agriculture	Residential	Condominium	Residential	Industrial	Potash Mine(s)	Total
Taxable assessment	172,040	11,167,360			2,625,735		13,965,135
Regional Park Assessment							
Total Assessment							13,965,135
Mill Rate Factor(s)	1.00	1.00			1.80		
Total Base/Minimum Tax	2,425	152,875			32,450		187,750
Total Municipal Tax Levy	3,784	241,097			69,788		314,669

L RATES:	
MILL	

MILL RATES:	MILLS
Average Municipal	22.5325
Average School	4.9378
Potash Mill Rate	
Uniform Municipal Mill Rate	7 9000

SCHEDULE 12 - SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL REMUNERATION

Position - Name	Rer	Remuneration	eimbursed <u>Costs</u>	<u>Total</u>
Mayor - Rod Fisher Councilor - Raymond Brad Councilor - Cecile Compagne Councilor - Paulin Beaulac Councilor - Jonathan Wensley Councilor - Norman Cyr	\$	2,300 \$ 2,050 1,550 1,400 300 250	180 \$ 570 118	2,480 2,620 1,668 1,400 300 250
	\$	7,850 \$	868 \$	8,718